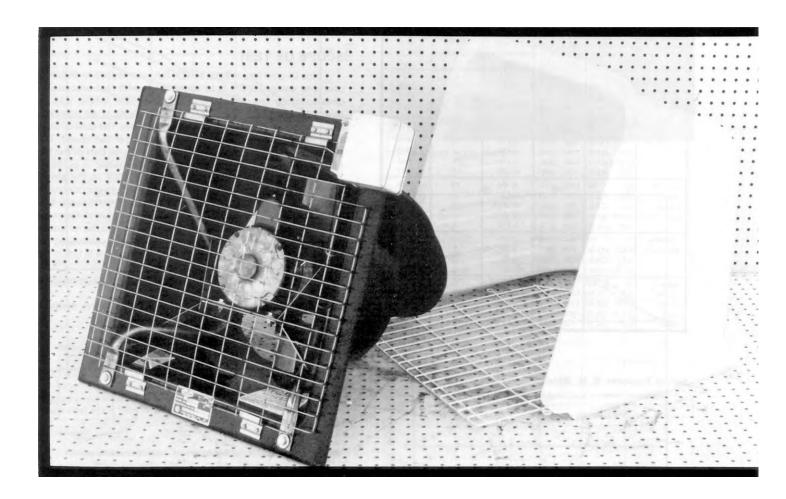
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Group 5i

Evaluation Report

427



Chore-Time Model 14RLX Ventilation Fan

A Co-operative Program Between



CHORE-TIME MODEL 14RLX VENTILATION FAN

MANUFACTURER:

Chore-Time Equipment, Inc. P. O. Box 518 Milford, Indiana 46542

DISTRIBUTOR:

Leebe Agri Feeders Ltd. Box 277 Leduc, Alberta T9E 2Y1

RETAIL PRICE:

\$617.00 (April, 1985, f.o.b. Lethbridge, Alberta)

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

TABLE 1. Chore-Time Model 14RLX Fan Performance at Typical Levels of Operation.

SETTING	STATIC PRESSURE		AIR FLOW RATE		POWER CONSUMPTION	TOTAL EFFICIENCY	FAN SPEED
	in wg	(Pa)	cfm	L/s)	kWh	%	rpm
Single	0	(0)	1480	(699)	0.118	16	1689
Speed	0.05	(12.5)	1330	(627)	0.121	18	1686
Direct	0.10	(24.9)	1230	(581)	0.122	20	1685
	0.125	(31.1)	1190	(563)	0.122	22	1685
	0.25	(62.3)	642	(303)	0.125	16	1680
Variable	0	(0)	1430	(674)	0.114	14	1627
Maximum	0.05	(12.5)	1260	(594)	0.115	16	1618
	0.10	(24.9)	1190	(560)	0.116	20	1617
	0.125	(31.1)	1140	(537)	0,116	21	1617
	0.25	(62.3)	556	(262)	0.123	14	1601
Variable	0	(0)	1220	(576)	0.104	10	1445
Mid	0.05	(12.5)	1100	(519)	0.107	13	1417
Range	0.10	(24.9)	967	(456)	0.109	15	1411
	0.125	(31.1)	828	(391)	0.107	14	1433
	0.25	(62.3)	238	(112)	0.115	6	1384
Variable	0	(0)	963	(454)	0.096	6	1155
Minimum	0.05	(12.5)	748	(353)	0.098	7	1129
	0.10	(24.9)	275	(130)	0.10	3	1070
	0.125	(31.1)	209	(97)	0.10	3	1073
Single	0	(0)	1440	(680)	0.115	15	1691
Speed	0.05	(12.5)	1360	(640)	0.119	18	1685
Direct	0.10	(24.9)	1280	(606)	0.120	22	1685
with	0.125	(31.1)	1250	(590)	0.120	24	1685
Hood	0.25	(62.3)	722	(341)	0.121	19	1685

Senior Engineer: E. H. Wiens

Project Engineer: R. P. Atkins

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Chore-Time model 14RLX ventilation fan is a 14 in (356 mm) diameter, single or variable speed, direct drive, propeller type axial flow fan. It is primarily used in livestock and poultry barns as an exhaust fan located in the wall.

The Chore-Time fan is a flush mounted unit equipped with an inlet guard grill, a mounting face plate, a shutter, a fan hood, an outlet guard grill and two optional variable speed controls (i.e. Model 7300 and Model 7500). The four blade propeller and hub are made of cast aluminum and are mounted directly on the 0.125 hp (93 W), single phase, 230 V electric motor. The housing is constructed of molded ABS plastic and the fan hood of molded polyethylene. The motor mount consists of a stainless steel cage and mounting plate. The inlet guard grill is galvanized and the outlet guard grill is vinyl coated.

FIGURE 1 shows the location of major components while detailed specifications are given in APPENDIX I.

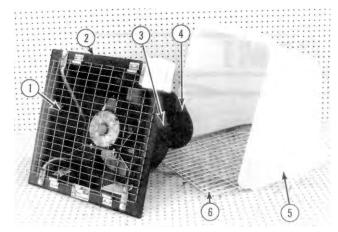


FIGURE 1. Chore-Time Model 14RLX Ventilation Fan: (1) Inlet Guard Grill, (2) Mounting Face Plate, (3) ABS Plastic Housing, (4) Shutter, (5) Fan Hood, (6) Outlet Guard Grill.

SCOPE OF TEST

The Chore-Time model 14RLX fan was tested in the inlet chamber setup (Figure 2) in accordance with test procedures developed by the Machinery Institute. The intent was to determine the performance of the fan in terms of air flow rate, static pressure, input power and total efficiency. The control units were not evaluated and were only used to set fan speed. The shutter was standard equipment and an integral part of the fan unit, so all tests were performed with the shutter in place.

Fan performance was determined at 230V in the single speed direct mode and also with the variable speed control. A triac type speed control was used to vary the speed. Fan performance, with the variable speed control, was determined at the maximum setting, the mid-range setting and the minimum setting. The minimum setting was established by reducing the fan speed to the point where a static pressure of 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa) could still be obtained.

The effect of the hood on fan performance was determined in the single speed direct mode only.

The fan was also evaluated for ease of operation, operator safety and suitability of the operator's manual.

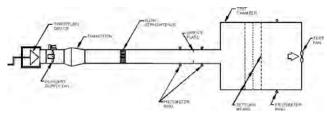


FIGURE 2. Schematic of Fan Test Apparatus - Inlet Chamber Setup.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

FAN PERFORMANCE

All fan performance results in this report are given at standard air conditions so that direct comparisons can be made with other fan test reports. Fan performance under actual operating conditions could differ from these results by up to 10%, depending on such things as temperature, barometric pressure, humidity and elevation above sea level.

Air Flow Rate: Fan output, at the maximum setting on the variable speed control, was slightly less than that in the single speed direct mode (FIGURE 3), due to the voltage drop created by the variable speed control. This resulted in a corresponding reduction in fan speed. Reducing the fan speed, greatly reduced

 $^{^1}Standard$ air is air with a density of 0.075 lb/tt³ (1.2 kg/m³) which occurs at 68°F (20°C), 50% relative humidity and a barometric pressure of 29.92 in Hg (101.325 kPa).

the air flow rate for a given static pressure². For example, at a static pressure of 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa), reducing the speed from the single speed direct mode to maximum to mid range to minimum setting, reduced the air flow rate from 1190 cfm (563 L/s) to 1140 cfm (537 L/s) to 828 cfm (391 L/s) to 209 cfm (97 L/s respectively. At higher static pressures the reductions were even larger.

Air flow rates at typical levels of operation (i.e. static pressure) are given in TABLE 1. Ventilation fans are often rated on their output at a static pressure of 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa). The manufacturer's rated air flow rate at 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa), in the single speed direct mode, was 1290 cfm (609 L/s). PAMI's measured flow rate at the same conditions was 1190 cfm (563 L/s) or 8% lower than the manufacturer's rating.

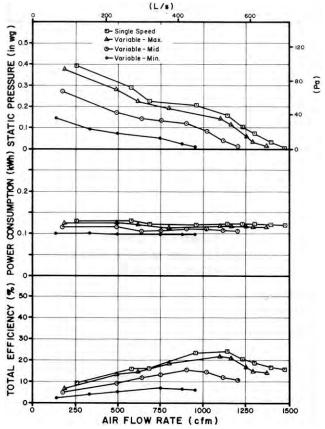


FIGURE 3. Chore-Time Model 14RLX Fan Performance Curves in the Single Speed Direct Mode and at Three Speed Settings in the Variable Speed Mode.

Power Consumption: The power consumption is the amount of energy (kWh) used by the fan motor. These numbers can be used directly to determine operating cost of the fan. For typical levels of static pressure (TABLE 1), the power consumption varied from 0.118 to 0.125 kWh in the single speed direct mode, from 0.114 to 0.123 kWh at maximum speed, from 0.104 to 0.115 kWh at mid range and from 0.096 to 0.10 kWh at minimum speed. The maximum amperage drawn by the motor was 0.53 amps, which was less than the rated motor amperage of 0.6 amps.

Total Efficiency: Total efficiency is the ratio of air horsepower over the input power. Air horsepower is dependent upon the air flow rate and corresponding total pressure. For typical levels of operation, the total efficiency (TABLE 1) ranged from 14 to 21% at maximum speed, 6 to 15% at mid range and 3 to 7% at minimum speed. The total efficiency at maximum fan speed and a static pressure of 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa) was 22%.

Effect of Fan Hood: The fan hood was installed on the outlet side of the fan (FIGURE 4) to determine its effect on fan output. The fan was tested under these conditions in the single speed direct mode only. Using the fan hood had little effect on air flow rates (FIGURE 5).

The use of other control devices such as louvres, dampers and screens could change air flow rates by varying amounts. The use of such control devices have to be taken into consideration when designing a ventilation system.



FIGURE 4. Hood on Fan Discharge.

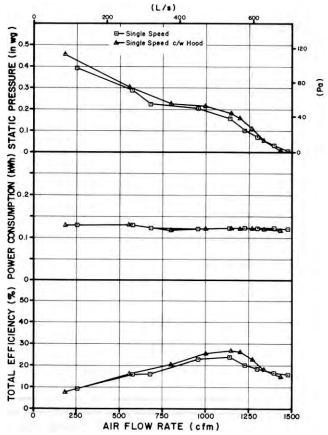


FIGURE 5. Effect of Hood on Fan Performance.

EASE OF OPERATION

Maintenance: The inlet guard grill was easily removed. This made for easy access for cleaning the housing and fan blades. Regularly scheduled cleaning and maintenance will ensure longer motor life and optimum performance.

²Static pressure is a measure of the pressure difference between the pressure inside the building and the pressure on the outside of the building. Static pressure is usually expressed in inches of water gauge (in wg) or Pascals (Pa).

OPERATOR SAFETY

The inlet guard grill provided adequate protection from the fan blades. The motor was a totally enclosed unit and presented no safety hazards. The Chore-Time 14RLX was CSA approved.

The noise level of the Chore-Time 14RLX, at a distance of 4.9 ft (1.5 m) from the centre of the fan discharge, while operating at a 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa) static pressure, was 70 dB(A). Higher noise levels could be expected if the fan was operated in the vicinity of other buildings. The Chore-Time 14RLX falls within range 3 of the PAMI noise level range classification (APPENDIX II). The noise level produced by this fan can be considered annoying and be detrimental to hearing and operator performance under continuous exposure. Ear protection should be considered if working near the fan for prolonged periods.

OPERATOR'S MANUAL

The operator's manual consisted of some printed sheets on the installation of the fan and hood, maintenance, safety aspects, performance data and general operation.

APPENDIX I						
SPECIFICATIONS						
MAKE:	Chore-Time					
MODEL:	14RLX					
SERIAL NUMBER:	8501 Chore-Time Equipment, inc. P. O. Box 518 Milford, Indiana 46542					
MANUFACTURER:						
OVERALL DIMENSIONS: - housing and flange width - housing and flange height - housing depth - housing dimensions - inside tube diameter - guard grill dimensions - grill opening	21 in (533 mm) 21 in (533 mm) 13.8 in (349 mm) 17.8 x 17.8 in (451 x 451 mm) 14.5 in (368 mm) 19 x 19 in (483 x 483 mm) 0.09 in (2.4 mm) diameter wire on a 1 x 2 in (25.5 x 51 mm) grid					
IMPELLER: - diameter - hub diameter - number of blades - blade angle	14 in (356 mm) 5.5 in (140 mm) 4 variable - 22 degrees at tip to 31 degrees at hub					
WEIGHT:	27 lb (12 kg)					
motor Nameplate Data: - make - model - class - duty - rpm - ambient temperature rise - volts - amps - phase - cycles - horsepower	General Electric 5KCP39DGH 1495 B air over 1625 40°C 230 V 0.6 A 1 61 H z 0.125 hp (93 W)					

APPENDIX II							
NOISE LEVEL RANGES							
RANGE	SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	COMMENTS					
1	up to 45	Tolerable, low level background noise.					
2	45 to 60	Dominating background noise that would interfere with normal conversation.					
3	60 to 85	Could be annoying and be detrimental to hearing and operator performance under long-term continuous exposure. Ear protection should be considered.					
4	over 85	Could damage hearing, depending on level and exposure time. Ear protection is definitely recommended.					

SUMMARY CHART CHORE-TIME MODEL 14RLX VENTILATION FAN

RETAIL PRICE: \$617.00

(April, 1985, f.o.b. Lethbridge)

FAN DESCRIPTION 14 in (356 mm) propeller fan, single

or variable speed, direct drive, 0.125

hp (96 W) 230 V electric motor.

FAN SPEED:

single speed direct
 variable speed
 1680 to 1689 rpm
 1070 to 1627 rpm

EFFICIENCY RANGE:

- single speed direct- variable speed16 to 22%3 to 21%

EFFICIENCY AT 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa):

- without fan hood 22% - with fan hood 24%

AIR FLOW RATE:

- range 209 to 1480 cfm (97 to 699 L/s) - at 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa) 1190 cfm (563 L/s without fan hood

and 1250 cfm (590 L/s) with fan

hood

POWER CONSUMPTION: 0.096 to 0.125 kWh

OPERATOR SAFETY: inlet and outlet guard grill provided

CSA approved

noise level = 70 dB(A) at 4.9 ft

(1.5 m) from fan inlet

OPERATOR'S MANUAL: adequate



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