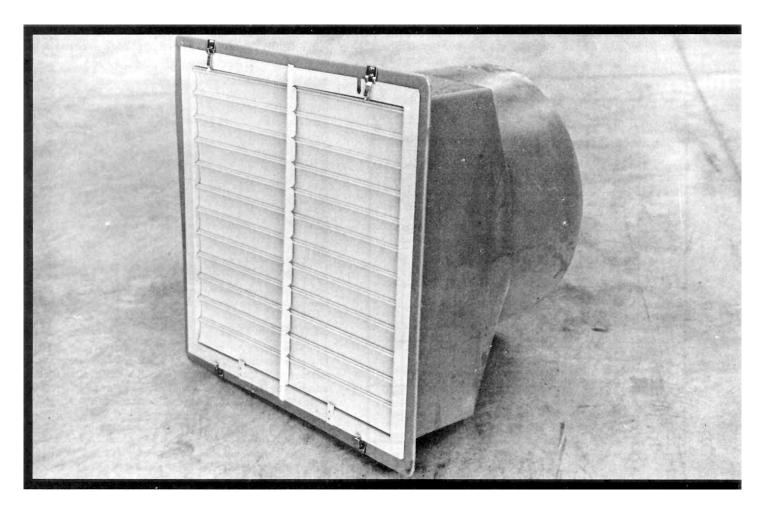
Printed: April 1989 Tested at: Lethbridge ISSN 0383-3445 Group 5 (i)

**584** 

# **Evaluation Report**



## **Better Air Model PF 2400 Ventilation Fan**

A Co-operative Program Between



#### BETTER AIR MODEL PF 2400 VENTILATION FAN

#### MANUFACTURER:

Better Air Manufacturing P.O. Box 490 Macgregor, Manitoba R0H 0R0

#### **DISTRIBUTORS:**

1. Eastman Feeds 322 - 33 Street North Lethbridge, Alberta Phone: (403) 320-0274

- McKay Equipment Sales Ltd.
   4 833 Cynthia Saskatoon, Saskatchewan Phone: (306) 665-7711
- 3. Waldner Farms Ltd. P.O. Box 25 Barnwell, Alberta Phone: (403) 223-2722

#### RETAIL PRICE: \$530.75

(April 1989, f.o.b., Lethbridge, Alberta)

#### SUMMARY OF RESULTS

 TABLE 1. Better Air Model PF 2400 Aeration Fan Performance at Typical Levels of Operation.

SETTING	STATIC PRESSURE		AIR FLOW RATE		INPUT POWER kW	TOTAL EFF. %	FAN SPEED
			1.1.40.000	(L/s)			rpm
0	2.2.2.2.	0.0)	6250	(2950)	0.54	33	1730
Single		(12.5)	6010	(2840)	0.56	35	1726
Speed Direct	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	24.9)	5730	(2710)	0.56	37	1724
	10221000	31.1)	5570	(2630)	0.56	37	1723
	0.250	62.3)	4770	(2250)	0.56	39	1721
server and the	0.000	0.0)	6260	(2960)	0.54	33	1724
Variable	0.050	12.5)	5980	(2820)	0.56	34	1721
Speed Maximum	0.100	24.9)	5690	(2690)	0.56	36	1721
	0.125	31.1)	5530	(2610)	0.56	37	1721
	0.250 (	62.3)	4710	(2220)	0.57	38	1717
Variable	0.000 (	0.0)	5250	(2480)	0.49	23	1452
Speed	0.050	12.5)	4940	(2330)	0.50	23	1437
Mid	0.100	24.9)	4420	(2090)	0.50	24	1419
Range	0.125	31.1)	4280	(2020)	0.51	24	1419
	0.250 (	62.3)	3340	(1580)	0.52	24	1525
Variable	0.000 (	0.0)	3010	(1420)	0.35	6	825
Speed	0.050 (	12.5)	2120	(1000)	0.34	6	782
Minimum	0.100 (	24.9)	1110	( 524)	0.34	4	733
	0.125 (	31.1)	535	(253)	0.34	2	687
Single	0.000 (	0.0)	5800	(2740)	0.55	26	1727
Speed	0.050	12.5)	5550	(2620)	0.56	28	1725
Direct	0.100	24.9)	5270	(2490)	0.56	30	1723
With	0.125	31.1)	5140	(2440)	0.57	31	1722
Louvres	0.250	62.3)	4360	(2060)	0.56	33	1720

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

It is recommended that the manufacturer consider:

- 1. Supplying fan performance data over a complete range of static pressures.
- Supplying detailed operating instructions containing illustrations and information on general operation, installation, maintenance, safety aspects and troubleshooting.

Station Manager. R. P. Atkins

Project Engineer: K. \$himek Project Technologist: B. Storozynsky

#### THE MANUFACTURER STATES THAT

With regard to recommendation number:

1. All fan performance data will be available from any

of the Better Air distributors or dealers.

2. Further information on installation, maintenance and general operation will be available from any of the Better Air distributors or dealers.

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The Better Air Model PF 2400 is a 23.75 in (603 mm) diameter, variable speed, direct drive, propeller type axial flow ventilation fan. It is primarily used in livestock and poultry barns as an exhaust fan located in the wall.

The Better Air Model PF 2400 ventilation fan is equipped with an inlet louvre, a mounting face plate, a wire outlet guard grill and integral moulded polyethylene fan shroud. The 5 blade polypropylene propeller and aluminum hub are mounted directly on a 0.50 hp (373 W) single phase, 115/230 V electric motor. The motor mount consists of a tubular steel frame bolted to the motor and the fan shroud.

FIGURE 1 show the location of major components, while detailed specifications are given in APPENDIX 1.

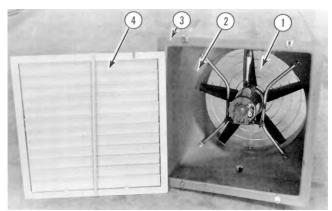


FIGURE 1. Better Air Model PF 2400 Fan: (1) Outlet Guard Grill, (2) Polyethylene Housing, (3) Mounting Face Plate, (4) Inlet Louvres.

#### SCOPE OF TEST

The Better Air Model PF 2400 was tested in the outlet chamber set-up (FIGURE 2) in accordance with test procedures developed by the Prairie Agricultural Machinery Institute and adopted by the Alberta Farm Machinery Research Centre. The intent was to determine the performance of the fan in terms of air flow rate, static pressure, input power and total efficiency. The control unit was not evaluated and was used only to set fan speed.

Fan performance was determined at 230 V in the single speed direct mode and with the variable speed control. Fan performance was determined at the maximum setting, the midrange setting and the minimum setting with the variable speed control. The minimum setting was established by reducing the fan speed to the point where a static pressure of 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa) could still be obtained.

The effect of louvres on fan performance was determined in the single speed mode.

The fan was also evaluated for ease of operation, maintenance, operator safety and suitability of the operator's manual.

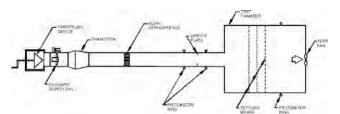


FIGURE 2. Schematic of Fan Test Apparatus - Inlet Chamber Set-Up.

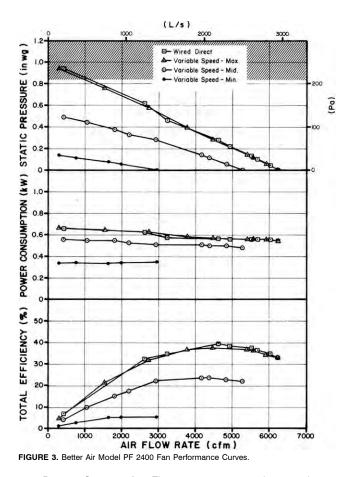
#### **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

#### FAN PERFORMANCE

All fan performance results in this report are given at standard air<sup>1</sup> conditions so that direct comparisons can be made with other fan test reports. Fan performance under actual operating conditions could differ from these results by up to 10%, depending on such things as temperature, barometric pressure, humidity and elevation above sea level.

Air Flow Rate: Fan output in both the single speed mode and at the maximum setting on the variable speed control were similar (FIGURE 3). Reducing the fan speed, greatly reduced the air flow rate for a given static pressure<sup>2</sup>. For example, at a static pressure of 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa), reducing the speed from maximum to midrange to minimum setting, reduced the air flow rate from 5530 cfm (2610 L/s) to 4280 cfm (2020 L/s) to 535 cfm (253 L/s) respectively. At higher static pressures the reductions were even larger.

Air flow rates at typical levels of operation (i.e. static pressure) are given in TABLE 1. Ventiliation fans are often rated on their output at a static pressure of 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa). Alberta Farm Machinery Research Centre's measured flow rate in the single speed mode was 5570 cfm (2630 L/s). There was no manufacturer's performance information provided. Since building ventilation design is possible over a range of static pressures, it is recommended that, for fan selection purposes, the manufacturer include a table or curve of air flow rates over a complete range of static pressures.



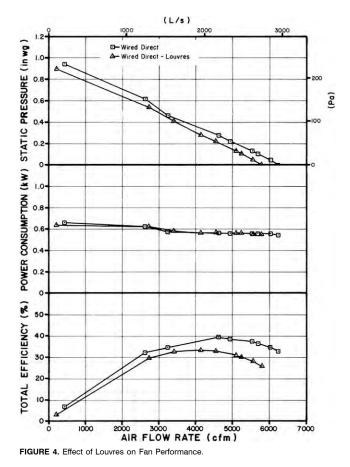
**Power Consumption:** The power consumption numbers given in TABLE 1 can be used to calculate the cost of operating the fan. To calculate the cost of fan operation, multiply the

power consumption (kW) by the number of hours of fan operation times the cost per kilowatt hour.

The power consumed by the fan depended on fan speed. For typical levels of static pressure (TABLE 1), the input power varied from 0.54 to 0.56 kW in the single speed mode, from 0.54 to 0.57 kW at maximum speed, from 0.49 to 0.52 kW at mid-range and from 0.34 to 0.35 kW at minimum speed. The maximum amperage drawn by the motor was 2.81 amps, which was greater than the rated motor amperage of 2.50 amps plus the 10% allowable limit established by CSA standards. The shaded zone in FIGURE 3 illustrates operation levels where the rated motor amperage was exceeded. Prolonged operation in excess of rated amperage could reduce motor life.

**Total Efficiency:** Total efficiency is the ratio of air horsepower over the input power. Air horsepower is dependent upon the air flow rate and corresponding total pressure. For typical levels of operation, the total efficiency (TABLE 1), using the variable speed control, ranged from 33 to 38% at maximum speed, 23 to 24% at mid-range and 2 to 6% at minimum speed. The total efficiency at maximum fan speed and a static pressure of 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa) was 37%.

Effect of Louvres: The optional louvres were installed on the inlet side of the fan to determine their effect on fan output. The fan was tested under these conditions in the single speed mode only. Using the louvres reduced the air flow rate by 7 to 9% (FIGURE 4) over the typical range of operation. For exampie, at a static pressure of 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa), the louvres reduced the air flow rate by 8%, from 5570 cfm (2630 L/s) to 5140 cfm (2430 L/s) (TABLE 1). The efficiency was in turn reduced from 37 to 31%. The use of other control devices such as shutters, dampers, screens, and hoods would also reduce air flow rates by varying amounts. The use of such control devices have to be taken into consideration when designing a ventilation system.



#### EASE OF OPERATION

Maintenance: No maintenance instructions were supplied. The inlet louvres and outlet guard grill were easily removed, which made for easy access to clean the fan blades and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Standard air is air with a density of 0.075 lbm/ft<sup>3</sup> (1.2 kg/m<sup>3</sup>) which occurs at 68°F (20°C), 50% relative humidity and a barometric pressure of 29.92 in Hg (101.325 kPa).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Static pressure is a measure of the pressure difference between the pressure inside the building and the pressure on the outside of the building. Static pressure is usually expressed in inches of water gauge (in wg) or Pascals (Pa).

housing. Regularly scheduled cleaning and maintenance will ensure longer motor life and optimum performance.

#### OPERATOR SAFETY

The outlet guard grill provided adequate protection from the fan blades. The motor was a totally enclosed unit and presented no safety hazards. The Better Air PF 2400 was CSA approved.

The noise level of the Better Air PF 2400, at a distance of 4.9 ft (1.5 m) from the centre of the fan inlet, while operating at a 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa) static pressure, was 85 dB(A). Higher noise levels could be expected if the fan was operated in the vicinity of other buildings. The Better Air Model PF 2400 falls within range 3 of the Alberta Farm Machinery Research Centre's noise level range classification (APPENDIX II). The noise level produced 15y this fan can be considered annoying and be detrimental to hearing and operator performance under continuous exposure. Ear protection should be considered if working near the fan for prolonged periods.

#### **OPERATOR'S MANUAL**

No operator's manual was supplied. It is recommended that the manufacturer supply a detailed manual containing illustrations and information on general operation, maintenance, rated performance, safety aspects and troubleshooting.

APPENDIX I SPECIFICATIONS					
MAKE:	Better Air				
MODEL:	PF 2400				
MANUFACTURER:	Better Air Manufacturing P.O. Box 490 Macgregor, Manitoba R0H OR0				
OVERALL DIMENSIONS:					
<ul> <li>housing width</li> <li>housing depth</li> <li>(motor included)</li> </ul>	31.0 in (787 mm) 25.5 in (648 mm)				
- housing height - discharge opening - guard grill diameter - grill opening	31.0 (787 mm) 24.125 in (613 mm) 21.25 in (540 mm) 0.188 in (5 mm) dia. wire spaced at 2.0 in (51 mm)				
IMPELLER:	spaced at 2.0 in (51 min)				
- diameter - hub diameter - number of blades -blade angle	23.75 in (603 mm) 6.75 in (171 mm) 5 Hub 30°, Tip 11°				
WEIGHT:	56 lb (25 kg)				
MOTOR NAMEPLATE DATA: make model frame class type code duty rpm service factor ambient temperature rise volts amps phase cycles horsepower	Century 7-164973-03 L48Z B CX G Cont. 1700 1 40°C 115/230 5.0/2.5 1 60 .5 hp (373 W)				

APPENDIX II NOISE LEVELS RANGES					
RANGE	SOUND LEVEL (dBA)	COMMENTS			
1	up to 45	Tolerable, low level background noise.			
2	45 to 60	Dominating background noise that would interfere with normal conversation.			
3	60 to 85	Could be annoying and be detrimental to hearing and operator performance under I ong-term continuous exposure. Ear protection should be considered.			
4	over 85	Could damage hearing, depending on I evel and exposure time. Ear protection is definitely recommended.			

### SUMMARY CHART BETTER AIR MODEL PF 2400 VENTILATION FAN

RETAIL PRICE:	\$530.75 (April 1989, f.o.b. Lethbridge)
FAN DESCRIPTION:	23.75 in (603 mm) propeller fan, variable speed, direct drive, 0.50 hp (373 W), 115/230 V electric motor.
FAN PERFORMANCE:	
Air Flow Rate:	
- range	535 to 6260 cfm (253 to 2950 L/s)
- at 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa)	5570 cfm (2630 L/s) without louvres
	5140 cfm (2430 L/s) with louvres
Power Consumption:	0.34 to 0.57 kW
Efficiency Range:	
- without louvres	2 to 39%
- with louvres	26 to 33%
Efficiency at 0.125 in wg (31.1 Pa):	
- without louvres	37%
- with louvres	31%
OPERATOR SAFETY:	Outlet guard provided
	CSA approved
	noise level = 85 dB(A) at 4.9 ft
	(1.5 m) from fan inlet
OPERATOR'S MANUAL:	None supplied



3000 College Drive South Lethbridge, Alberta, Canada T1K 1L6 Telephone: (403) 329-1212 FAX: (403) 329-5562 http://www.agric.gov.ab.ca/navigation/engineering/ afmrc/index.html

#### Prairie Agricultural Machinery Institute

Head Office: P.O. Box 1900, Humboldt, Saskatchewan, Canada S0K 2A0 Telephone: (306) 682-2555

Test Stations: P.O. Box 1060 Portage la Prairie, Manitoba, Canada R1N 3C5 Telephone: (204) 239-5445 Fax: (204) 239-7124

P.O. Box 1150 Humboldt, Saskatchewan, Canada SOK 2A0 Telephone: (306) 682-5033 Fax: (306) 682-5080

This report is published under the authority of the minister of Agriculture for the Provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba and may not be reproduced in whole or in part without the prior approval of the Alberta Farm Machinery Research Centre or The Prairie Agricultural Machinery Institute.